

Dielectric capacitors have drawn growing attention for their wide application in future high power and/or pulsed power electronic systems. However, the recoverable energy storage density (W_{rec}) for dielectric ceramics is relatively low up to now, which largely restricts their actual application. Herein, the domain engineering is employed to construct relaxor ...

In this study, we present the remarkable performance of densely sintered $(1-x)(\text{Ca}_{0.5}\text{Sr}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3)\text{-xBa}_4\text{Sm}_{28/3}\text{Ti}_{18}\text{O}_{54}$ ceramics as energy storage materials, with a measured energy density (W_{rec}) of 4.9 J/cm^3 and an ultra-high efficiency (η) of 95% which is almost optimal in linear dielectric that has been reported.

The electric breakdown strength (E_b) is an important factor that determines the practical applications of dielectric materials in electrical energy storage and electronics. However, there is a tradeoff between E_b and the dielectric constant in the dielectrics, and E_b is typically lower than 10 MV/cm . In this work, ferroelectric thin film $(\text{Bi}_{0.2}\text{Na}_{0.2}\text{K}_{0.2}\text{La}_{0.2}\text{Sr}_{0.2})\text{TiO}_3$ with ...

Herein, we took Mn^{2+} , which has half full of electrons in d orbitals, as a dopant to modify the electrochemical performance of VO_2 (MnVO), and investigated the energy storage mechanism of MnVO -based cathode during cycling including its structure evolution and electron configuration. As exhibited, MnVO delivers an ultrahigh specific capacity of 209.6 mAh g^{-1} at ...

In recent years, the development of energy storage devices has received much attention due to the increasing demand for renewable energy. Supercapacitors (SCs) have attracted considerable attention among various energy storage devices due to their high specific capacity, high power density, long cycle life, economic efficiency, environmental friendliness, ...

Benefiting from the synergistic effects, we achieved a high energy density of $20.8 \text{ joules per cubic centimeter}$ with an ultrahigh efficiency of 97.5% in the MLCCs. This approach should be universally applicable to designing high-performance dielectrics for energy ...

Molecule-aggregation organic electrodes in principle possess the "single-molecule-energy-storage" capability for metal-ion rechargeable batteries. ... At an ultra-high current density of 20 A g^{-1} cathode (100°C), a high discharge capacity of 142 mAh g^{-1} cathode can ... To further demonstrate the Na^+ -storage mechanism of PTCDI-DAQ in ...

Based on above discussion, a scheme to reconcile energy storage characteristics with discharge time of AFE ceramics can be devised. We propose a composition design strategy by Sm^{3+} substituting for Pb^{2+} in lead-based AFE ceramics. The corresponding design of this work by synchronous coordination mechanism is shown in Fig. 1. Sm^{3+} doped ...

Supercapatteries have gained widespread interest as an energy storage technology due to their combination of a conventional battery and a supercapacitor to simultaneously produce a very high power density and energy density [[1], [2], [3]]. This allows the individual limitations of conventional batteries, which have a low power density, charging rate, ...

In the past decade, efforts have been made to optimize these parameters to improve the energy-storage performances of MLCCs. Typically, to suppress the polarization hysteresis loss, constructing relaxor ferroelectrics (RFEs) with nanodomain structures is an effective tactic in ferroelectric-based dielectrics [e.g., BiFeO₃ (7, 8), (Bi_{0.5}Na_{0.5})TiO₃ (9, ...

With the increasing demand for energy supply, the effective storage and utilization of energy have become particularly important. Environmentally friendly energy storage materials with excellent performance have always been a major research focus [1], [2], [3]. Dielectric capacitors stand out among many energy storage materials because of their high ...

Atomic-scale storage mechanism in ultra-small size (FeCuCrMnNi)₃O₄/rGO with super-stable sodium storage and accelerated kinetics. ... This work brings a broad perspective to the construction of self-supporting electrode materials with high ICE, high energy density and ultra-stable cycling characteristics of HEO anode.

The energy storage density of dielectric capacitor can be estimated according to equation $W_{dis} = \frac{1}{2} P_r E$, where P_{max} is the max polarization, P_r is the remnant polarization and E is the applied electric field. It is obvious that the energy storage density of capacitors are proportional to P_{max} and E , which means that large energy storage density ...

Achieving high energy storage density and efficiency simultaneously in Sr(Nb_{0.5}Al_{0.5})O₃ modified BiFeO₃ based lead-free ceramics. Chem. Eng. J., 451 ... Mechanism of enhanced energy storage density in AgNbO₃-based lead-free antiferroelectrics. Nano Energy, 79 (2021), Article 105423.

In the case of the conversion energy storage mechanism, it is also possible to prepare a cathode-free battery system by introducing halogen ions into the ... thereby triggering a six-electron transfer reaction for an ultra-high energy density of 665 Wh Kg⁻¹ with a high average voltage and coulombic efficiency (CE) of 1.51 V and 99.3 ...

Preparation of a CsPbBr₃ electrode and a symmetric supercapacitor. A CsPbBr₃ electrode was made by spin coating the dispersion of CsPbBr₃ nanocrystals in hexane (5.8 mg CsPbBr₃ nanocrystals in 10 mL hexane) on a cleaned FTO substrate. The FTO glass substrate was washed with Decon 90 solvent under sonication for 20 min, followed by a mixed solvent of ...

An ultra-high energy output for the full cell was achieved. Abstract. Aqueous rechargeable sodium-ion batteries (ARSIBs) have extensively attracted in these fields of larger-scale grid storage and low-speed electric

vehicles by means of their merits of low cost, inherent safety and sufficient raw materials. ... The sodium storage mechanism of 7 ...

<p>Antiferroelectric (AFE) materials are promising for the applications in advanced high-power electric and electronic devices. Among them, AgNbO_3 (AN)-based ceramics have gained considerable attention due to their excellent energy storage performance. Herein, multiscale synergistic modulation is proposed to improve the energy storage performance of ...

The existence of this reaction at ultra-high temperature explains the heat release mechanism for the thermal runaway of high-energy lithium-ion batteries, extending our vision on the battery failure mechanisms. This finding will benefit better electrode design of lithium-ion batteries with reduced thermal runaway hazard. :

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