

How AgNbO₃ ceramics are synthesized under oxygen-free atmosphere?

In this study, AgNbO₃ ceramics are synthesized by single-step sintering (SSS) and two-step sintering (TSS) processes under oxygen-free atmosphere, and their energy storage performance is compared. The prepared ceramic materials show characteristic AFE double hysteresis (P-E) loop and excellent energy storage performance.

Are lead-free silver niobate & sodium NaNbO₃ antiferroelectric ceramics?

Lead-free silver niobate (AgNbO₃) and sodium niobate (NaNbO₃) antiferroelectric ceramics have attracted intensive interest as promising candidates for environmentally friendly energy storage products. Journal of Materials Chemistry A Recent Review Articles

Can lead-free antiferroelectric ceramics improve energy storage performance?

Meanwhile, recent progress on lead-free antiferroelectric ceramics, represented by AgNbO₃ and NaNbO₃, is highlighted in terms of their crystal structures, phase transitions and potential dielectric energy storage applications. Specifically, the origin of the enhanced energy storage performance is discussed from a scientific point of view.

What is the energy storage density of AN1 ceramics?

The energy storage density of the single-step sintered pure AgNbO₃ ceramic sample is 1.7 J/cm³ at 140 kV/cm. By contrast, AN1 ceramics achieve a higher energy storage density of $W_{rec} > 2 \text{ J/cm}^3$. This significant enhancement in the energy storage density is attributed to the improved antiferroelectricity and thinner P-E loop.

Are antiferroelectric materials suitable for energy storage applications?

Antiferroelectric materials are attractive for energy storage applications and are becoming increasingly important for power electronics. Lead-free silver niobate (AgNbO₃) and sodium niobate (NaNbO₃) antiferroelectric ceramics have attracted intensive interest as promising candidates for environmentally friendly energy storage products.

Are AgNbO₃ based materials suitable for energy storage capacitors?

AgNbO₃-based materials are promising lead-free candidates for energy storage capacitors, due to their large energy density values. These range from 2.1 J cm⁻³ in AgNbO₃ to 6.3 J cm⁻³ in Ag(Nb_{0.45}Ta_{0.55})O₃ ceramics obtained at room temperature, attributed to the enhanced stability of antiferroelectricity and improved breakdown strength.

Extensive research has been conducted on silver niobate (AgNbO₃)-based antiferroelectric ceramics for their promising applications in energy storage applications, with various compositional modifications explored to improve their energy storage capabilities. In this theoretical study, we have systematically investigated the

electronic, structural, and chemical ...

Silver niobate (AgNbO_3 , AN) dielectric ceramics and their antiferroelectric behavior have attracted increasing attention for their potential applications in energy-storage capacitors. However, AN's inferior dielectric breakdown strength, recoverable energy storage density, and efficiency have limited its application.

Silver niobate (AgNbO_3)-based dielectric materials show great application potential in pulse power energy storage systems due to their high energy storage density. ... Ferroelectric transitions in silver niobate ceramics @article{Tian2019FerroelectricTI, title={Ferroelectric transitions in silver niobate ceramics}, author={Ye Tian and Jing Li ...

Silver-doped sodium niobate antiferroelectric (AFE) ceramics, represented by $\text{Na}(1-x)\text{Ag}_x\text{NbO}_3$ ($x = 0.00, 0.01, 0.05$), have emerged as significant electronic materials having a wide range of uses, including cooling systems, micro-switches, safety sensors, high-energy capacitors, and pulsing power plants. This study investigates the structural modifications ...

The enhancement of relaxor behavior has been proved an effective method to improve the ESP of AFE materials. For instance, the composite $(\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{Na}_{0.5})\text{TiO}_3$ was added into NaNbO_3 ceramic and built a stabilized AFE phase at RT, which exhibited relaxor behavior and achieved an ultrahigh W_{rec} (12.2 J/cm^3), while, the η (69 %) was too low to satisfy ...

AgNbO_3 (AN)-based lead-free antiferroelectric (AFE) ceramic materials have garnered significant research attention due to their distinctive AFE structures and potential applications in pulse dielectric capacitor devices. However, their ...

$\text{Ag}(\text{Nb}_{0.8}\text{Ta}_{0.2})\text{O}_3$ is used here as a model system to shed light on the nature of the low temperature phase behavior of the unsubstituted parent compound AgNbO_3 , which is an important material for high-power energy storage applications. The three dielectric anomalies previously identified as $M_1 \leftrightarrow M_2$, T_f and $M_2 \leftrightarrow M_3$ transitions in AgNbO_3 ...

AgNbO_3 (AN)-based lead-free antiferroelectric ceramics are widely studied for their use as dielectric capacitor materials. In this study, Eu^{3+} -doped AN ceramics were prepared and the results show that Eu^{3+} diffused into the AN lattice. The ceramics were formed by M_1 and M_2 phases coexisting at room temperature, as distinct from the M_1 (M: monoclinic) phase of ...

Silver niobate (AgNbO_3) is considered as one of the most promising lead-free replacements for lead-containing antiferroelectric (AFE) ceramics, and has been drawing progressively more attention because of its relatively high energy storage density. However, weak ferroelectricity in pure AgNbO_3 exerts a negative impact on the energy storage performance, ...

Abstract: Densely sintered ceramics of silver niobate, AgNbO_3 (ANO), silver niobate tantalate, $\text{Ag}(\text{Nb}_{0.45}$

$\text{Ta}_{0.55}\text{O}_3$ (ANTO55), and Mn-doped ANTO55 were prepared as pure perovskite phase. Dielectric properties of ANO and ANTO55 are comparable to reported values, while the 0.25 mol% Mn-doped ANTO55 showed improved loss of 0.04% with lower permittivity of 350.

Solid-state dielectric energy storage is the most attractive and feasible way to store and release high power energy compared to chemical batteries and electrochemical super-capacitors. However, the low energy density (ca. 1 J cm^{-3}) of commercial dielectric capacitors has limited their development. Dielectrics

In consideration of environmental protection and energy demand, it is an inevitable trend to explore lead-free dielectric ceramics with high energy storage performance. The lead-free antiferroelectric ceramics based on silver niobate (AgNbO_3) with double hysteresis loops have been proved to be a potential energy storage material. AgNbO_3 -based ...

AgNbO_3 -based ceramics have been the spotlight for the lead-free dielectric capacitors due to its unique antiferroelectric feature and the ever-increasing environmental concerns. Herein, synergic modulation on the energy storage properties of AgNbO_3 -based ceramics was reported, in which the over-stoichiometrical introduction of only 0.10 wt% MnO_2 ...

Lead-free silver niobate (AgNbO_3 , AN)-based dielectric ceramics have attracted intense attention for high-power energy storage applications since 2016 due to their electric-field-assisted antiferroelectric-ferroelectric phase transition. In this work, chemical compositions of 0.2 wt.% Mn-doped $(1-x)\text{AgNbO}_3-x\text{Ca}(\text{Hf}_{0.2}\text{Ti}_{0.8})\text{O}_3$ (AN-CHTx, $x = \dots$

The stability of the energy storage performance is paramount for dielectric capacitors utilized in energy storage applications. To ascertain the energy storage performance's stability within this investigation, P-E loops were meticulously recorded for the SNKBN-1.2 N glass-ceramics sample. These measurements were conducted under an electric ...

Antiferroelectric materials are attractive for energy storage applications and are becoming increasingly important for power electronics. Lead-free silver niobate (AgNbO_3) and sodium niobate (NaNbO_3) antiferroelectric ceramics have attracted intensive interest as promising candidates for environmentally friendly energy storage products. This review provides the ...

Dielectric ceramics have attracted ever-increasing interest in energy storage applications due to their high-power density and fast charge-discharge speed. In particular, AgNbO_3 -based antiferroelectric ceramics are considered potential substitutes for lead-based ceramics. AgNbO_3 ceramics sintered with fine hydrothermal-synthesized powders show the ...

Silver niobate (AgNbO_3 , AN) dielectric ceramics and their antiferroelectric behavior have attracted increasing attention for their potential applications in energy-storage capacitors. However, AN's inferior dielectric breakdown strength, recoverable energy storage density, and efficiency have limited its application

this work, a combination of chemical ...

DOI: 10.1007/s10854-024-12379-w Corpus ID: 268776944; Enhanced energy storage performance of silver niobate-based antiferroelectric ceramics by two-step sintering method @article{You2024EnhancedES, title={Enhanced energy storage performance of silver niobate-based antiferroelectric ceramics by two-step sintering method}, author={Aining You and Yanlin ...

It is necessary to design and prepare lead-free dielectric energy storage ceramic materials with high energy storage properties by optimizing the structure of AgNbO₃ materials, compounding multiple components, or exploring new rationalized sintering mechanisms. This work has practical significance for promoting the application of dielectric ...

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