

The PCMs belong to a series of functional materials that can store and release heat with/without any temperature variation [5, 6]. The research, design, and development (RD& D) for phase change materials have attracted great interest for both heating and cooling applications due to their considerable environmental-friendly nature and capability of storing a large amount ...

The sol-gel and coacervation methods are the most employed physical-chemical methods in the fabrication of microencapsulated phase change materials. ... The hysteresis characteristics of phase change energy storage materials are based on the fact that the temperature range of phase change of the energy storage materials is different in the ...

Cold chain logistics is an important technology to ensure the quality and preservation of food, drugs and biological samples. In this work, novel brine phase change material gels (BPCMGs) are proposed by loading the eutectic brine in super absorbent polymer (SAP) to realize the highly-efficient cold energy storage towards the cold chain transportation.

The requirements on renewable energy become a potential choice in the whole world owing to the limitation of fossil energy, there are many researchers have endeavored to investigate renewable energy storage [1], [2], [3] considering the phase change materials (PCMs) with high latent heat storage materials and wide temperature [4], [5] has widely utilized in ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) are ideal carriers for clean energy conversion and storage due to their high thermal energy storage capacity and low cost. During the phase transition process, PCMs are able to store thermal energy in the form of latent heat, which is more efficient and steadier compared to other types of heat storage media (e.g ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) can store or release abundant heat energy while maintaining a constant temperature, demonstrating promising potential for medical materials requiring temperature regulation [[7], [8], [9]] organic hydrated salts, a promising type of PCMs, offer advantages like appropriate phase transition temperature, excellent thermal energy ...

Therefore, a gel-type phase change storage material with a phase change temperature zone of  $-18 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  is proposed in this paper. Compared with existing phase change storage materials in the same temperature zone, this material has a higher latent heat value, better cycle stability, a low price, and can be widely used in practical cold storage.

In this study, a series of gelators ( $G_n$ ,  $n$  is the number of carbon atoms of used fatty alcohol,  $n = 2, 4, 6, 8, 10$ ,

12, 14, 16 and 18) were synthesized by reacting 4,4'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate with fatty alcohols. Meanwhile, n-octadecane-based gels as form-stable phase change materials (FSPCMs) for thermal energy storage were prepared by ...

Research on phase change material (PCM) for thermal energy storage is playing a significant role in energy management industry. However, some hurdles during the storage of energy have been perceived such as less thermal conductivity, leakage of PCM during phase transition, flammability, and insufficient mechanical properties. For overcoming such obstacle, ...

Thermal energy storage (TES) is essential for solar thermal energy systems [7]. Photothermal materials can effectively absorb solar energy and convert it into heat energy [8], which has become a research hotspot. Phase change materials (PCM) with high energy density and heat absorption and release efficiency [9], have been widely used in many fields as ...

Phase change materials (PCMs) play a crucial role as thermal interface materials (TIMs) because of their excellent thermal storage capacity. The solid-liquid phase change materials (SLPCMs) are usually encapsulated in the form-stable supporting materials to avoid leakage. However, plasticity is needed to ensure tight adhesion with the thermal ...

Among various energy storage technologies, energy storage based on phase change materials (PCMs) is conducted through the absorption, storage and release of heat in the phase transition process. PCM as the key working medium is a material with non-corrosive, energy-saving and stable physical properties [1], which also presents the advantages of ...

Super-elastic phase change materials (SPCMs), as brand-novel smart materials, have a wide range of potential applications in stress induction, thermal energy storage and temperature control. Polyacrylamide-based HAH@PEG<sub>12h</sub> SPCMs with an ultimate tensile ratio greater than 500% were synthesized for the first time by a popular molecular self ...

The research on phase change materials (PCMs) for thermal energy storage systems has been gaining momentum in a quest to identify better materials with low-cost, ease of availability, improved thermal and chemical stabilities and eco-friendly nature. The present article comprehensively reviews the novel PCMs and their synthesis and characterization techniques ...

The distinctive thermal energy storage attributes inherent in phase change materials (PCMs) facilitate the reversible accumulation and discharge of significant thermal energy quantities during the isothermal phase transition, presenting a promising avenue for mitigating energy scarcity and its correlated environmental challenges [10].

The development of phase change energy storage technology promotes the rational utilization of renewable

energy, and the core of this technology is phase change material (PCM). Hydrated salt as PCM is successfully applied in various fields, especially its application in green building attracts the most attention.

Using phase change materials (PCMs) for thermal energy storage has always been a hot topic within the research community due to their excellent performance on energy conservation such as energy efficiency in buildings, solar domestic hot water systems, textile industry, biomedical and food agroindustry. Several literatures have reported phase change materials concerning ...

Green energy-storage materials enable the sustainable use of renewable energy and waste heat. As such, a form-stable phase-change nanohybrid (PCN) is demonstrated to solve the fluidity and leakage issues typical of phase-change materials (PCMs). Here, we introduce the advantage of solid-to-gel transition to overcome the drawbacks of typical solid-to-liquid ...

4 Conclusions. Sol-gel has been demonstrated as a feasible technology for the microencapsulation of  $\text{NaNO}_3$  using  $\text{SiO}_2$  as shell material.. Effectiveness of microencapsulated  $\text{NaNO}_3$  as TES material greatly depends on the morphology of microparticles and therefore, on the  $\text{NaNO}_3:\text{SiO}_2$  ratio. Results have shown that  $\text{Na-0.25Si}$  microparticles have higher energy ...

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