

Long afterglow energy storage

What are photon energy storing long afterglow phosphors?

One of the upcoming solutions is photon energy-storing long afterglow/persistent phosphors. They are an unusual kind of rechargeable, photon energy capturing/trapping phosphor that can trap charge carriers (electrons/holes) in their meta-stable energy levels, thereby resulting in persistent luminescence.

What is long afterglow luminescent material?

Long afterglow luminescent material can store energy when absorption natural light or lighting light source, continue to glow, and realize luminescence without electricity [1]. It is considered to be a kind of important energy-saving environmental protection material.

What are the applications of Afterglow luminescence materials?

Despite the long afterglow luminescence materials have great application prospect in security signs and emergency signalization [1], persistent pigments [11], optical storage media and solar cell [12], photocatalysis [10, 13], sensors [14], fingerprint detection [15], vivo imaging [16], and drug carriers [17].

Are long afterglow phosphors used for bioimaging?

Although traditional long afterglow phosphors have been widely investigated and used in industry, and significant efforts have recently been made toward the use of these materials for bioimaging, there is to date no scientific monograph dedicated to afterglow materials.

Can long afterglow phosphors support photocatalytic process in dark?

Persistence luminescence from such materials can range from minutes to hours. The coupling of long afterglow phosphors (LAP) with the conventional semiconductor is a promising way to support the photocatalytic process even in dark.

Can persistent luminescent phosphors store light energy in advance?

Nature Materials 22,289-304 (2023) Cite this article Persistent luminescent phosphors can store light energy in advance and release it with a long-lasting afterglow emission.

Long-persistent luminescent (LPL) materials exhibit the ability to store light energy and release it through long-lasting afterglow emission. ... [4, 5] optical information storage, ... The incorporation of TCPP did not deepen the trap by altering the crystal structure of R but provided a richer energy source. The entire afterglow process ...

Long afterglow phosphors are materials that continue to emit light for a period of time after the excitation source has been removed [1], [2], [3]. They are a new type of energy storage material. The energy storage in these phosphors involves only energy transformation and does not have adverse environmental impacts.

Hence, these composites aren't used for light energy storage. Nevertheless, long afterglow luminescence (LAL) materials as a photoluminescent material, can absorb and store light when excited by sunlight or artificial light sources, and then slowly release it in the form of light over a long time [25], [26], [27]. One important LAL material ...

Long afterglow phosphors possess the unique "charge storage pool" effect, which enables the photocatalytic clean energy evolution under both day and night, so as to achieving efficient and round-the-clock clean energy preparation.

Visible long afterglow luminous phosphors are the most mature and widely used luminescent materials [4]. These long afterglow luminous phosphors generally absorb and store the ultraviolet light or visible light with relatively short wavelength and release visible fluorescence for a long time in the dark environment [5, 6] cause of the unique capacity of light storage, ...

1. Introduction. Long afterglow luminescent material is a particular luminescent material, simultaneously a kind of energy storage material. When the luminescent body is excited by the excitation source, the long afterglow material can store part of the energy and then release the stored energy in light radiation after the excitation source is turned off to stop the excitation.

1. Introduction. Long afterglow material is a kind of photoluminescent material which can emit light continuously for a long time after ceasing excitation [1], [2]. The trap inside the long afterglow material can capture and store the excited electrons, and continue to release the excited electrons slowly for a long time after the excitation is stopped, so it can be used as an ...

1. Introduction. Long afterglow luminescent materials, which can maintain luminescence for an extended period after excitation ceases, are widely used in emergency lighting, architectural decoration, biological imaging, optical storage, anti-counterfeiting, and information encryption [1], [2], [3], [4] spite the human eye being more sensitive to red than ...

Long afterglow phosphors possess the unique "charge storage pool" effect, which enables the photocatalytic clean energy evolution under both day and night, so as to achieving efficient and round-the-clock clean energy preparation. In this review, we systematically summarize the recent representative progresses in round-the-clock clean ...

Long afterglow materials are photoluminescent materials, which can slowly release the energy stored in the trap energy state in the form of luminescence at night, and are widely used in architectural decoration, information display, safety instructions and other fields (Xi et al., 2021), but they should still be in the development stage in the field of roads (Jiang et al., ...

The typical long afterglow luminescent materials are listed in Table 1. Figure 3. a Hole migration model of representative luminescent material SrAl_2O_4 : ... (2009) A review on long-term sorption solar energy

storage. Renew Sustain Energy Rev 13(9):2385-2396. Article CAS Google Scholar ...

With the development of the highway industry and new materials, long-afterglow luminescent material as a new energy storage and environmental protection material has gradually been applied to night lighting. In this study, $\text{SrAl}_2\text{O}_4:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Dy}^{3+}$ long-afterglow materials were prepared by the solid-state reaction method. The luminescent ...

1. Introduction Long afterglow phosphors (LAPs), compared with the common photoluminescence phosphors, have particular luminescent characteristics, which can absorb either visible or ultraviolet light initially, and subsequently release the stored energy in the form of a persistent photon emission at ambient temperature after the removal of the excitation source. 1-3 Thus, ...

Boosting Wide-Range Tunable Long-Afterglow in 1D Metal-Organic Halide Micro/Nanocrystals for Space/Time-Resolved Information Photonics. Bo Zhou, Bo Zhou. ... Beijing Key Laboratory of Energy Conversion and Storage Materials, College of Chemistry, Beijing Normal University, Beijing, 100875 P. R. China. E-mail:

The energy storage self-luminescent plastic in this paper could emit relatively bright light at night without the need of power supply, which could greatly improve the recognition and reduce the cost, and had certain research value. ... Study on Long afterglow energy storageluminescent paint of epoxy resin. Dalian Polytechnic University (2017 ...

Mechanoluminescence (ML) and long-afterglow (LAG) luminescence are usually studied independently and applied in different fields. $\text{SrAl}_2\text{O}_4:\text{Eu(II)/Dy(III)}$ (SAOED) is a well-known long-afterglow and elastico-mechanoluminescent material that emits bright green visible light through absorption of photon energy, followed by naturally thermal release or ...

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It is well known that long afterglow luminescent nanoprobes can provide long time in vivo afterglow luminescence after the sufficient energy storage of energy in vitro. Due to without any excitation sources, the efficient deep tissue photodynamics therapies can be easily realized via in vivo excitation by the afterglow luminescence [[5], [6], [7]]. ...

Therefore, the long afterglow material is an energy storage material that can provide long-term illumination [19]. According to the type of matrix, long afterglow luminescent materials mainly include sulfide systems, aluminate systems, silicate systems, gallate systems, and other systems. The long afterglow materials of aluminate system and ...

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The long afterglow luminescent materials with different luminescence characteristics can be formed by doping rare earth ions. The rare earth doped $\text{Sr}_2\text{MgSi}_2\text{O}_7$ long afterglow luminescent materials for energy storage and energy conservation are present the broad development and application prospects.

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