

Barium stannate vs silicon carbide in photovoltaics

How efficient is a silicon heterojunction solar cell with interdigitated back contacts?

Yoshikawa, K. et al. Silicon heterojunction solar cell with interdigitated back contacts for a photoconversion efficiency over 26%. Nat. Energy 2, 17032 (2017). This study presents an efficient (PCE = 26.6%) c-Si solar cell with the IBC-SHJ architecture. Green, M. A. et al. Solar cell efficiency tables (version 52). Prog.

How efficient is a c-Si solar cell?

Nat. Energy 2, 17032 (2017). This study presents an efficient (PCE = 26.6%) c-Si solar cell with the IBC-SHJ architecture. Green, M. A. et al. Solar cell efficiency tables (version 52). Prog. Photovolt. 26, 427-436 (2018). Taguchi, M. et al. 24.7% record efficiency HIT solar cell on thin silicon wafer. IEEE J. Photovolt. 4, 96-99 (2014).

Can crystalline silicon solar cells have junctions without diffused emitters?

Device designs that avoid diffused emitter regions and direct metal-absorber contacts, commonly denoted as passivated contacts, are key enablers for a further increase of efficiency. So far, three concepts have been developed that enable junction formation in crystalline silicon solar cells without diffused emitters.

Are passivating contacts a viable solution for silicon solar cells?

Passivating contacts hold promise for silicon solar cells yet the simultaneous optimization of conductivity, defect passivation and optical transparency remains challenging. Now Köhler et al. devise a passivating contact based on a double layer of nanocrystalline silicon carbide that overcomes these trade-offs.

What is perovskite barium stannate?

Among the transparent conducting oxides, the perovskite barium stannate is most promising for various electronic applications due to its outstanding carrier mobility achieved at room temperature. However, most of its important characteristics, such as band gaps, effective masses, and absorption edge, remain controversial.

Do lanthanide based PSCs affect voltaic device performance & stability?

The shifting of energy levels of CTL impacts the Voc of the photovoltaic devices. By summarizing data from all reported work of lanthanide and nonlanthanide-based PSCs, it is clear that DC materials show huge impact on device performance and stability.

Results indicate that Ag-based barium stannate multilayer flexible thin films can be used as transparent flexible electrodes in various flexible optoelectronic devices. Transparent conductive multilayer thin films of silver (Ag)-embedded barium stannate (BaSnO₃) structures have been deposited onto flexible polycarbonate substrates by magnetron sputtering at room ...

Over the past few decades, silicon-based solar cells have been used in the photovoltaic (PV) industry because

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of the abundance of silicon material and the mature fabrication process. However, as more electrical devices with wearable and portable functions are required, silicon-based PV solar cells have been developed to create solar cells that ...

1 Transparent perovskite barium stannate with high electron mobility and thermal stability Woong-Jhae Lee,¹ Hyung Joon Kim,¹ Jeonghun Kang,¹ Dong Hyun Jang,¹ Tai Hoon Kim,¹ Jeong Hyuk Lee, ¹ and Kee Hoon Kim^{1,2} ¹Center for Novel States of Complex Materials Research, Department of Physics and Astronomy, Seoul National University, Seoul 151-747, Republic of ...

Photovoltaic (PV) panels are prospective for sunlight to direct electrical energy using the photovoltaic effect. Overheating of PV panels is influenced to limiting the solar performance, and innovative bifacial panel technique found better heat build-up leads to reduced lifespan and costlier reasons. The present research focuses on limiting the PV panel ...

This work reveals the enhancement of the photovoltaic performance of barium stannate (BaSnO_3 , BSO) photoanode based DSSCs with the aid of interconnection of BSO nanoparticles through the titania (TiO_2). The BSO nanoparticles were synthesized by simple sol-gel method and the different wt.% of titania were added over the BSO and then calcined at ...

Highlights. o. For the first time, barium stannate (BaSnO_3) is used as ETL in the PSC. o. The proposed PSC delivers a PCE of 31.53 %. o. The proposed PSC without HTL but Pt as back contact can boost the PCE up to 32.67 %. o. Tandem consisting of proposed PSC and ...

1 Introduction. To keep the rise in efficiency of crystalline silicon (c-Si) solar cells going, a multitude of approaches are currently under investigation to realize the combination of spatial separation of the metal contacts from the silicon wafer ...

Oxygen, being highly versatile and abundant, plays a crucial role in these materials. One such material, barium stannate (BaSnO_3) is an n-type semiconductor with a band gap of 3.1 eV. It is extensively utilized in gas sensors, capacitors, photovoltaics, and transparent conductors (Verma et al., 2022a; Marikutsa et al., 2023; Chen et al., 2022).

Barium-strontium titanate (BST) ferroelectric thin film was fabricated on Ti substrates by micro-arc oxidation (MAO) in an aqueous solution consisting of 0.6 mol/L $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and 0.4 mol/L $\text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$. The phase composition, elements distribution, dielectric and ferroelectric properties of the BST thin film were characterized. The results show ...

Numerous researchers have dedicated efforts toward enhancing the efficiency of solar cells, particularly through the utilization of multi-junction or tandem solar cell configurations. However, a common approach employed by many researchers involves the use of the standard absorption formula (SAF) to determine the

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transmitted spectrum from the top cell to illuminate ...

The photovoltaic effect was first observed in ferroelectrics in 1956 when researchers documented the presence of subtle photopyroelectric currents in barium titanate and stable photovoltaic currents above the Curie temperature. At the time, this was attributed to ferroelectrics exhibiting the persistence of a charged layer.

Barium stannate (BaSnO_3) has recently emerged as an ideal candidate for use as a transparent electrode, especially when appropriately doped. Whilst research has been conducted on the effects of using various elements to dope BaSnO_3 , to date there has been no systematic study into the role of two separate elements doping both sites at once. Here, we ...

The exceptional thermal stability of silicon carbide makes it the material of choice for a wide range of high-temperature applications. In the aerospace and power generation industries, silicon carbide is widely used in the fabrication of components for gas turbine engines, such as combustion liners, nozzle guide vanes, and turbine blades.

Transparent conducting oxides (TCOs) and transparent oxide semiconductors (TOSs) have become necessary materials for a variety of applications in the information and energy technologies, ranging from transparent electrodes to active electronics components. Perovskite barium stannate (BaSnO_3), a new TCO or TOS system, is a potential platform for realizing ...

For starters, silicon has an electron mobility of $1500 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$. Gallium nitride has an electron mobility of $2000 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$, meaning electrons can move over 30% faster than silicon's electrons. Silicon carbide, however, has an electron mobility of $650 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$, which means that silicon carbide's electrons are slower moving than both GaN and silicon's.

Performance improvement of perovskite/CIGS tandem solar cell using barium stannate charge transport layer and achieving PCE of 39 % numerically. Author links open overlay panel Eluri Priyanka, Deboraj Muchahary. Show more. Add to Mendeley. ... (PERC) silicon solar cells delivering PCE of 25 % due to comparable PCE and less cost of production [2 ...

in Figure 1. They can be indexed as cubic barium stannate (JCPDS No. 15-0780). The lattice parameters estimated by a least squares match for the CP, HT, and SSR BaSnO_3 are 0.4116(5), 0.4114(6), and 0.4118(4)nm, respectively, being in good agreement with the reported value of 0.4114nm [14]. The full width at half-maximum (FWHM) of the

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